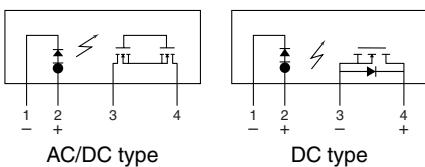
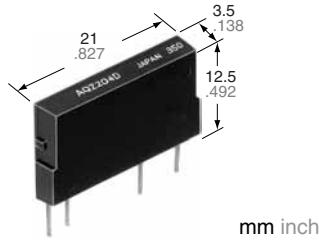


# Panasonic

## ideas for life

A voltage-sensitive  
PhotoMOS relay.  
DC load type is available.

Power PhotoMOS  
(AQZ100D, 200D)



## FEATURES

### 1. A voltage sensitive power PhotoMOS relay

Conventional power PhotoMOS relays are connected externally to an input limiting resistor in order to obtain the appropriate LED current. Adding an internal constant-current element renders the input limiting resistor unnecessary, making it possible for the PhotoMOS relay to be voltage driven.

### 2. Wide range of input voltages

Allows a wide range of input voltages from 4 to 30 V DC. The relay can be used in 5 V, 12 V or 24 V DC systems.

### 3. Large capacity PhotoMOS relay

Supports the various types of load control, from very small loads to a maximum 2.7 A for the AC/DC dual type, 3.6 A for the DC-only type.

### 4. Both AC/DC dual types and DC-only types are available

The AC/DC dual type is capable of bi-directional control, and unlike conventional SSRs, does not have to be used differently depending on the load. The DC-only type is well suited for control of DC solenoids and DC motors.

### 5. High sensitivity, low ON resistance

A maximum 3.6 A load can be controlled with the minimum input voltage of 4 V DC. The ON resistance is also low at 0.09 Ω (AQZ102D).

### 6. Small scale, slim type, 4-pin SIL

Length 21.0 mm×width 3.5 mm×height 12.5 mm. High precision mounting is possible because of the small 73.5mm<sup>2</sup> area of the 4-pin SIL.

## TYPES

### 1. AC/DC type

Output rating		Part No.	Packing quantity	
Load voltage	Load current		Inner carton	Outer carton
60 V	2.7 A	AQZ202D	25 pcs.	500 pcs.
100 V	1.8 A			
200 V	0.9 A			
400 V	0.45 A			

### 2. DC type

Output rating		Part No.	Packing quantity	
Load voltage	Load current		Inner carton	Outer carton
60 V	3.6 A	AQZ102D	25 pcs.	500 pcs.
100 V	2.3 A			
200 V	1.1 A			
400 V	0.6 A			

Notes: Load voltage and current of AC/DC type: Peak AC/DC.

Load voltage and current of DC type: DC.

## RATING

### 1. AC/DC type

1) Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

	Item	Symbol	AQZ202D	AQZ205D	AQZ207D	AQZ204D	Remarks
Input	Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		30 V			
	Input reverse voltage	V <sub>RIN</sub>		5 V			
	Power dissipation	P <sub>in</sub>		300 mW			
Output	Load voltage (Peak AC)	V <sub>L</sub>	60 V	100 V	200 V	400 V	
	Continuous load current (Peak AC)	I <sub>L</sub>	2.7 A	1.8 A	0.9 A	0.45 A	
	Peak load current	I <sub>peak</sub>	9.0 A	6.0 A	3.0 A	1.5 A	100 ms (1 shot), V <sub>L</sub> = DC
	Power dissipation	P <sub>out</sub>		1.6 W			
Total power dissipation		P <sub>T</sub>		1.6 W			
I/O isolation voltage		V <sub>iso</sub>		2,500 V AC			
Temperature limits	Operating	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F (4 V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 6 V) -40°C to +75°C -40°F to +167°F (6 V < V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 15 V) -40°C to +60°C -40°F to +140°F (15 V < V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 30 V)				Non-condensing at low temperatures
	Storage	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F				

# Power PhotoMOS (AQZ100D, 200D)

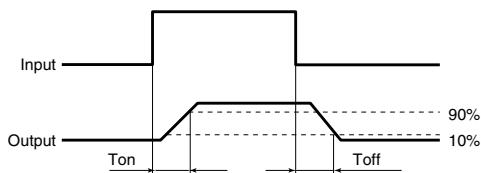
2) Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item			Symbol	AQZ202D	AQZ205D	AQZ207D	AQZ204D	Remarks	
Input	Operate voltage	Typical	$V_{Fon}$	1.4 V			$I_L = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_L = 10 \text{ V}$		
		Maximum		4 V					
	Turn off voltage	Minimum	$V_{Foff}$	0.8 V			$I_L = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_L = 10 \text{ V}$		
		Typical		1.3 V					
Input current			$I_{IN}$	6.5 mA			$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$		
Output	On resistance	Typical	$R_{on}$	0.066 Ω	0.180 Ω	0.64 Ω	2.4 Ω	$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_L = \text{Max.}$ Within 1 s on time	
		Maximum		0.18 Ω	0.34 Ω	1.1 Ω	3.2 Ω	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$ $V_L = \text{Max.}$	
	Off state leakage current	Maximum	$I_{leak}$	10 μA					
Transfer characteristics	Switching speed	Typical	$T_{on}$	5.8 ms	4.2 ms	2.7 ms	2.3 ms	$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_L = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_L = 10 \text{ V}$	
		Maximum		10.0 ms					
	Turn off time*	Typical	$T_{off}$	0.2 ms		0.1 ms		$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_L = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_L = 10 \text{ V}$	
		Maximum		3.0 ms					
	I/O capacitance	Typical	$C_{iso}$	0.8 pF			$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_B = 0 \text{ V}$		
		Maximum		1.5 pF					
Initial I/O isolation resistance		Minimum	$R_{iso}$	1,000 MΩ			500 V DC		
Maximum operating speed		Maximum	—	0.5 cps			$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ Duty factor = 50% $I_L \times V_L = 200 \text{ (VA)}$		
Vibration resistance			—	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm			2 hours for 3 axes		
Shock resistance			—	4,900 m/s² {500 G} 1 ms			3 times for 3 axes		

Recommendable Operate voltage  $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$   $I_F = 5 \text{ to } 10 \text{ mA}$ .

For type of connection.

\*Turn on/off time



## 2. DC type

1) Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item			Symbol	AQZ102D	AQZ105D	AQZ107D	AQZ104D	Remarks		
Input	Input voltage		$V_{IN}$	30 V						
	Input reverse voltage		$V_{RIN}$	5 V						
	Power dissipation		$P_{in}$	300 mW						
Output	Load voltage (DC)		$V_L$	60 V	100 V	200 V	400 V			
	Continuous load current (DC)		$I_L$	3.6 A	2.3 A	1.1 A	0.6 A			
	Peak load current		$I_{peak}$	9.0 A	6.0 A	3.0 A	1.5 A	100 ms (1 shot), $V_L = \text{DC}$		
	Power dissipation		$P_{out}$	1.35 W						
Total power dissipation			$P_T$	1.35 W						
I/O isolation voltage			$V_{iso}$	2,500 V AC						
Temperature limits	Operating		$T_{opr}$	$-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ $-40^\circ\text{F}$ to $+185^\circ\text{F}$ ( $4 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 6 \text{ V}$ ) $-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ $-40^\circ\text{F}$ to $+167^\circ\text{F}$ ( $6 \text{ V} < V_{IN} \leq 15 \text{ V}$ ) $-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+60^\circ\text{C}$ $-40^\circ\text{F}$ to $+140^\circ\text{F}$ ( $15 \text{ V} < V_{IN} \leq 30 \text{ V}$ )			Non-condensing at low temperatures			
	Storage		$T_{stg}$	$-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ $-40^\circ\text{F}$ to $+212^\circ\text{F}$						

# Power PhotoMOS (AQZ10OD, 20OD)

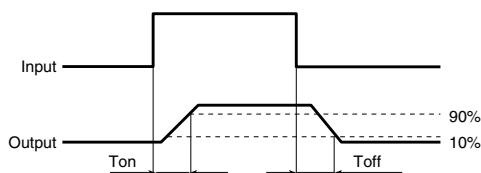
## 2) Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item			Symbol	AQZ102D	AQZ105D	AQZ107D	AQZ104D	Remarks			
Input	Operate voltage		Typical	1.4 V			$I_L = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_L = 10 \text{ V}$				
			Maximum	4 V							
Output	Turn off voltage		Minimum	0.8 V			$I_L = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_L = 10 \text{ V}$				
			Typical	1.3 V							
Input current			Typical	$I_{IN} = 6.5 \text{ mA}$			$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$				
Transfer characteristics	On resistance		Typical	$R_{on}$	0.033 Ω	0.090 Ω	0.33 Ω	1.23 Ω			
			Maximum		0.09 Ω	0.17 Ω	0.55 Ω	1.6 Ω			
	Off state leakage current		Maximum	$I_{leak} = 10 \mu\text{A}$		$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$ $V_L = \text{Max.}$					
Transfer characteristics	Switching speed	Turn on time*	Typical	$T_{on}$	3.3 ms	2.2 ms	1.5 ms	1.2 ms			
			Maximum		10.0 ms			$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_L = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_L = 10 \text{ V}$			
	Turn off time*	Typical	$T_{off}$	0.2 ms		0.1 ms					
		Maximum		3.0 ms			$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_L = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_L = 10 \text{ V}$				
	I/O capacitance		Typical	$C_{iso}$	0.8 pF			$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_B = 0 \text{ V}$			
			Maximum		1.5 pF						
Initial I/O isolation resistance			Minimum	$R_{iso}$		1,000 MΩ					
Maximum operating speed			Maximum	—		0.5 cps					
Vibration resistance			Minimum	—		10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm					
Shock resistance			Minimum	—		4,900 m/s² {500 G}1 ms					

Recommendable Operate voltage  $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ .

For type of connection.

\*Turn on/off time



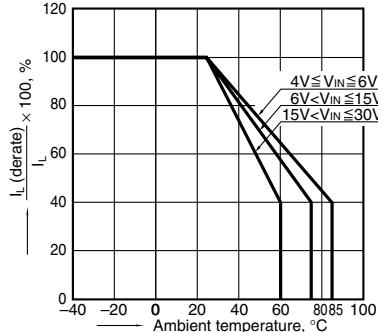
- For Dimensions.
- For Schematic and Wiring Diagrams.
- For Cautions for Use.

## REFERENCE DATA

### 1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

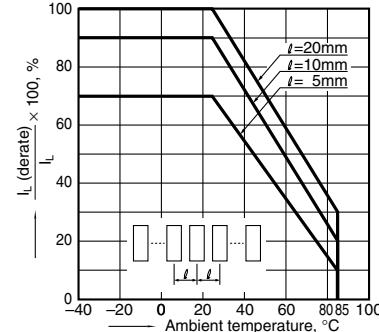
Allowable ambient temperature:  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $-40^{\circ}\text{F}$  to  $+185^{\circ}\text{F}$

$V_{IN}$ : Input voltage;  $I_L$  (derate): Load current (derate);  $I_L$ : Absolute maximum ratings of continuous load current



### 2.-1) Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics in adjacent mounting

Input voltage:  $4V \leq V_{IN} \leq 6V$ ;  $I_L$  (derate): Load current (derate);  $I_L$ : Absolute maximum ratings of continuous load current;  $\ell$ : Adjacent mounting pitch



### 2.-2) Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics in adjacent mounting

Input voltage:  $6V < V_{IN} \leq 15V$ ;  $I_L$  (derate): Load current (derate);  $I_L$ : Absolute maximum ratings of continuous load current;  $\ell$ : Adjacent mounting pitch

